



LEARNING OUTCOME

After participating...

...you will be able to apply copyright laws more appropriately in creating and using MOOCs.



AGENDA

- Brief overview of MOOCs landscape
- TEACH Act and MOOCs
- Ownership of course content
- · Using third-party materials
- Permissions
- Wrap-up: Policy and planning implications for your campus



BRIEF OVERVIEW OF MOOCS LANDSCAPE

ACADEMIC AMPRESSIONS 4

WHAT'S A MOOC?

- Massive Often enroll tens of thousands of participants
- Open Anyone can enroll; no prerequisites or barriers other than Internet access
- Online Entire courses must be online and asynchronous, except for discussion forums
- Course Attempt to make experience similar (maybe better!) than on-campus course



POLL

Is your institution offering any MOOCs?



MOOCs AT DOOK

- 13 courses offered at least once, a dozen more in development.
- Over 650K non-unique registrants across all Duke Courses.
- · Rapidly changing environment.
- Significant positive feedback from instructors & participants.



WHO MOOCs?

- About 2/3 of participants from outside U.S.
 - 31% Europe, 16% Asia, 10% Latin
 America, 3 % Oceania & 2% Africa
 - Coursera taking steps to increase enrollment from China
- Over 80% have college degree(s).
- · Wide range of ages.





What impact on US higher education will the MOOC movement have?



WHY SHOULD LIBRARIES CARE?

- Disruption of teaching and library models
- Changing fast, externally-driven
- Rapid uptake, but in an environment of rising costs and questions about quality
 - A laboratory for changing library services (including around copyright and permission)



WHAT'S REALLY HAPPENING?

- A vast experiment in the social construction of learning.
 - MOOCs are VERY social spaces.
 - Much of the learning happens in discussion forums.
 - Flipping classrooms.
- If we ignore this phenomenon, we risk accelerating irrelevance (IMO)



© IN MOOCs -A TAXONOMY OF ISSUES

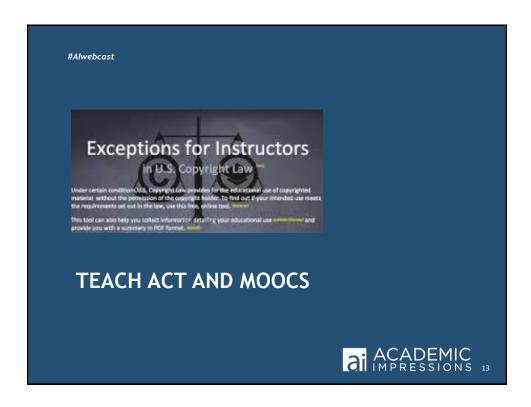
OWNERSHIP OF COURSE CONTENT

- Work made for hire?
- Joint authorship
- Campus policy
- Contractual relationships

USING THIRD-PARTY MATERIALS

- Linking (legally OK, but practical issues)
- Use in courseware (transformative fair use)
- As assignments (permission)





WHY MOOCs ARE DIFFERENT

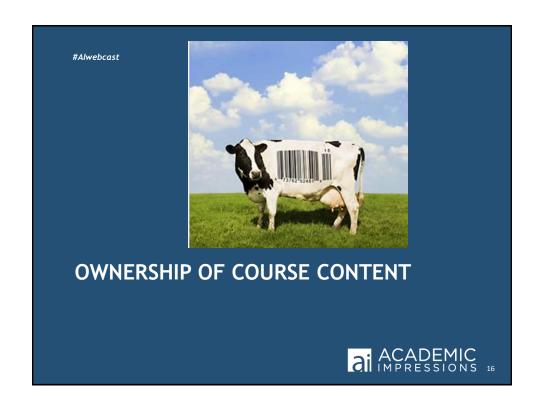
- In general, the teaching exceptions to the copyright law do not apply
 - Not face-to-face
 - Not "closed"
 - Courses not "regular part of systematic mediated instructional activities of an accredited non-profit educational institution"



A NOTE ON "CLOSED" ONLINE COURSES

- TEACH Act
 - Requires access be limited to students enrolled in course that is "regular part of systematic mediated instructional activities."
 - Must not normally allow downloads.
- MOOC and social media platforms
 - Usually do not meet TEACH Criteria





WMFH AND JOINT AUTHORSHIP

- "Work Made for Hire" would apply, by definition, to most academic work.
 - Usually renounced by policy, at least for books and articles.
- MOOCs, like digital humanities projects, always created by joint authors.
 - Need for agreement about ownership, use.



ABOUT WMFH

- By its plain terms, seems to apply to most faculty work
 - Policies may disclaim WMFH, for some works
 - Are they effective?
 - Not a signed agreement between the parties



CAMPUS POLICIES

- · Often claim online courseware as WMFH.
 - Sometimes because of extra support or use of extraordinary resources.
- Alternative is a license to the university for broad use and reuse, leaving © with faculty creator.
- Also need to look at Conflict of Interest policies



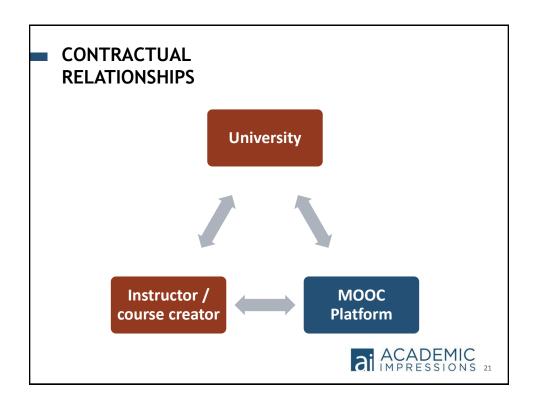


TAKEAWAYS

Policy takeaway

- What matters most is not ownership, but use rights.
 - Consider interests of several groups of constituents and license for those interests.
 - Ownership may be more of a political issue.
- Need to manage contractual relationships
 - Who will be "in privity" with whom?











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LINKING



- · Probably no legal issue.
 - Could a link be contributory infringement, if material is itself clearly infringing?
 - · How could we know?
 - · Good faith is important
- Practical problems
 - Reliability
 - Access in other countries
 - Access for the disabled



IN COURSEWARE

I JUST WANT SOME CONTENT.

- Use public domain material
- Use licensed material
 - Open license
 - Blanket license

I WANT <u>THAT</u> CONTENT.

- Determine © status
- · License?
- Is it fair use?
 - Transformative?
- Can I get permission?



TRANSFORMATIVE FAIR USE

- Transformation when it becomes part of something new, or is re-purposed.
- Much content incorporated into lectures is transformative fair use.
 - Analogy with quotations in an article
 - Evaluate need for THIS content
 - Good teaching = good © practice



MONTY PYTHON IN MY MOOC

PROFESSOR WANTS TO INCLUDE FULL 9 MINUTES OF FAMOUS MONTY PYTHON CLIP IN HIS LECTURE.

- Fair use?
- · Should we link?
- Can we make a better situation for transformative fair use?

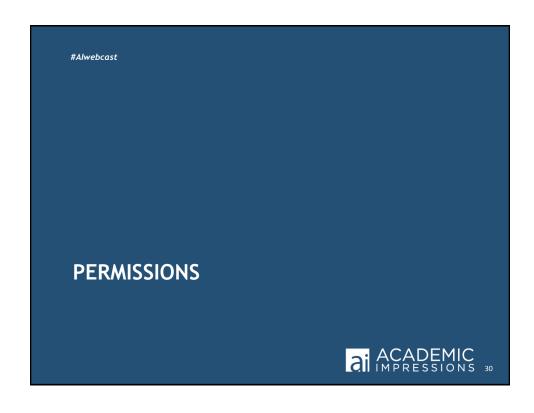


3 QUESTIONS



- Does it help me make my new point?
- 2. Will it help my students get the point?
- 3. Did I use just what was needed?





GETTING PERMISSION

- · Results vary greatly.
- · First task is getting a response.
- Emphasize new marketing opportunity
 - Mutual benefit
- · Publishers want:
 - Link to purchase
 - Download stats
 - Click-through data





CELEBRITY FRUSTRATIONS

- · Robert Redford editorial
 - No reply to permission request
 - Factors that strengthened fair use
- · Driving Miss Daisy photo
 - Received a non-responsive reply.
 - Was this permission?
 - Intent
 - · Fair use?



WRAP-UP: POLICY AND PLANNING IMPLICATIONS FOR YOUR CAMPUS

THINKING ABOUT POLICY

- Usually specific to campus environment
 - Political as much as procedural
- Ownership can be hot potato
 - Cool it off by talking about interests
- · Revenue and revenue sharing
- Support
 - Financial
 - Staff commitments



THINKING ABOUT POLICY -CONTRACTS

ISSUES FOR AGREEMENTS WITH INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTORS

- Attribution
- Alteration
- Revenue
- Re-use





TAKEAWAYS

- MOOCs take more time to develop than you think.
- Ask why you want to MOOC.
 - Global outreach
 - Improved teaching
 - Experimentation
 - Money





TAKEAWAYS

How is support structured?

- Technology support
- Ownership issues
- Resource location need for open access resources
- · Copyright advising





TAKEAWAYS

Copyright considerations

- · Traditional educational exceptions unavailable
- Fair use still possible
 - · Distinguish lecture content from readings
- Seek open resources
- Permission is slow and uncertain
 - Be prepared to negotiate





